WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A method of imaging features onto a wafer comprising:

arranging a plurality of real features on the grid;

establishing a grid having grid pitches;

features and a plurality of assist features, the assist features being sized such that they do not print while allowing an illumination to be optimized; and

imaging the real features onto a wafer.

- 2. The method of imaging features according to claim 1, wherein the assist features are introduced at grid points that do not have any of the plurality of real features.
- 3. The method of imaging features according to claim 1 wherein the grid has a grid pitch p_x in a direction and a grid pitch p_y in a perpendicular direction.
- 4. The method of imaging features according to claim 1 wherein grid pitches, p_x and p_y , are selected to minimize circuit area.
- 5. The method of imaging features onto a wafer according to claim 3, wherein the grid pitches in two perpendicular directions, p_x and p_y , are smaller than a minimum pitch of single-exposure lithography.

- 6. The method of imaging features according to claim 5, wherein a distance between two adjacent real features is no less than the minimum pitch of single-exposure lithography.
 - 7. A method of imaging features onto a wafer comprising:
 establishing a grid having grid pitches;
 arranging a plurality of real features on the grid;
 arranging a plurality of assist features on the grid points;

creating two masks, the first mask including a first subset of the plurality of real features and a first subset of the plurality of assist features, the second mask containing a second subset of the plurality of real features and a second subset of the plurality of assist features, the assist features being sized such that they do not print but nevertheless create a mask spectrum that allows an illumination to be optimized; and

imaging the real features onto the wafer.

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- 8. The method of imaging features according to claim 7 wherein the grid has a grid pitch p_x in a direction and a grid pitch p_y in a perpendicular direction.
- 9. The method of imaging features according to claim 7, wherein grid pitches, p_x and p_y , are selected to minimize circuit area.

- 10. The method of imaging features according to claim 7, wherein the assist features are arranged on the grid points that do not have a real feature.
- 11. The method of imaging features onto a wafer according to claim 7, wherein the grid pitches in two perpendicular directions, p_x and p_y , are smaller than a minimum pitch of single-exposure lithography.
- 12. The method of imaging features onto a wafer according to claim 11, wherein a distance between two adjacent real features is no less than the minimum pitch of single-exposure lithography.
- 13. A method of imaging features onto a wafer according to claim 7, wherein the first and second masks are sequentially exposed to print the features.
- 14. The lithography method according to claim 7, wherein the distance between two adjacent real features is no less than the minimum pitch of single-exposure lithography while the grid pitches in two perpendicular directions, p_x and p_y , are smaller than the minimum pitch of single-exposure lithography.
- The lithography method according to claim 14, wherein a diagonal distance between two adjacent features (real or assist features) is $\sqrt{p_x^2 + p_y^2}$ where p_x is the pitch between two adjacent features (real or assist features) in an x direction and p_y is the pitch between t two adjacent features (real or assist features) in a perpendicular direction of an x direction.

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16. A mask set for imaging a die comprising:

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a first mask, the first masking having a first set of real features and a first set of assist features; and

a second mask having a second set of real features and a second set of assist features,

wherein two adjacent features (real or assist features) in the first or second mask are spaced at no less than a minimum pitch for single-exposure lithography.

- 17 The mask set according to claim 16, wherein the first set of real features and the second set of real features create a set of real features for a single die.
- 18. A mask set for imaging a die according to claim 16, wherein the first set of real features is distinct from the second set of real features.
- 19. A mask set for imaging a die according to claim 16, wherein the first set of assist contacts is distinct from the second set of assist contacts.
- 20. The mask set for imaging a die according to claim 16, wherein a diagonal distance between two neighboring features (real or assist features) is $\sqrt{p_x^2 + p_y^2}$ where p_x is the pitch between two adjacent features (real or assist features) in an x direction and p_y is the pitch between two adjacent features (real or assist features) in the perpendicular direction of an x direction.
 - 21. A method of imaging features onto a wafer comprising:

establishing a grid having a grid pitch;
arranging a plurality of real features on the grid;
creating at least one mask, the mask including at least one real
feature and a plurality of assist features, the assist features being sized such that
they do not print while allowing an illumination to be optimized; and
imaging the real feature onto a wafer.

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- 22. The method of imaging features according to claim 21, wherein the assist features are introduced at grid points that do not have any of the plurality of real features.
- 23. The method of imaging features according to claim 21 wherein the grid has a grid pitch p_x in a direction and a grid pitch p_y in a perpendicular direction.
- The method of imaging features according to claim 21 wherein grid pitches, p_x and p_y , are selected to minimize circuit area.
- 25. The method of imaging features onto a wafer according to claim 23, wherein the grid pitches in two perpendicular directions, p_x and p_y , are smaller than the minimum pitch of single-exposure lithography.
- 26. The method of imaging features according to claim 25, wherein a distance between two adjacent real features is no less than a minimum pitch of single-exposure lithography.
 - 27. A method of imaging features onto a wafer comprising: establishing a grid having a grid pitch;

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arranging a plurality of assist features on the grid points; creating at least two masks, the first mask including a first subset of the plurality of features and a first subset of the plurality of assist features, the second mask containing a second subset of the plurality of features and a second subset of the plurality of assist features, the assist features being sized such that they do not print but nevertheless create a mask spectrum that allows an illumination to be optimized; and

arranging a plurality of features on the grid:

imaging the features onto the wafer.

- 28. The method of imaging features according to claim 27, wherein the assist features are introduced at grid points that do not have any of the plurality of real features.
- 29. The method of imaging features according to claim 27 wherein the grid has a grid pitch p_x in a direction and a grid pitch p_y in a perpendicular direction.
- 30. The method of imaging features according to claim 27 wherein grid pitches, p_x and p_y , are selected to minimize circuit area.
- 31. The method of imaging features onto a wafer according to claim 29, wherein the grid pitches in two perpendicular directions, p_x and p_y , are smaller than the minimum pitch of single-exposure lithography.

32. The method of imaging features according to claim 31, wherein a distance between two adjacent real features is no less than a minimum pitch of single-exposure lithography.